# Andhra Pradesh State Council of Higher Education B.Sc. Chemistry Syllabus under CBCS w.e.f. 2015-16 (revised in April 2016)

**Structure of Chemistry Syllabus Under CBCS** 

YEAR	SEMESTER	PAPER	TITLE	MARKS	CREDITS
ILAN			Inorganic and Organic	100	03
I	I	I	Chemistry	100	0.5
			Practical – I	50	02
	II	II	Physical and General	100	03
	11	11	Chemistry	100	03
			Practical – II	50	02
II	III	III	Inorganic and organic	100	03
		111	Chemistry		
			Practical – III	50	02
	IV	IV	Spectroscopy and Physical	100	03
	1,	1,	Chemistry		
			Practical – IV	50	02
III	V	V	Inorganic ,Organic and	100	03
			Physical Chemistry		
			Practical – V	50	02
		VI	Inorganic ,Organic and	100	03
			Physical Chemistry		
			Practical – VI	50	02
	* Any one	VII (A)*	Elective	100	03
	Paper from	, ,	Practical - VII A	50	02
	VII A, B and C	VII (B)*	Elective	100	03
			Practical - VII B	50	02
	and C	VII (C)*	Elective	100	03
	** Any one		Practical - VII C	50	02
		VIII (A)**	<b>Cluster Electives - I:</b>	100	03
	cluster		VIII-A-1	100	03
	from VIII,		VIII-A-2	100	03
	A, B and C		VIII-A-3	50	02
				50 50	02 02
		VIII (D)**	Cluster Electives - II ::	100	03
		VIII (B)**	VIII-B-1	100	03
			VIII-B-1	100	03
			VIII-B-3	50	02
				50	02
	N/T			50	02
	VI	VIII (C)**	Cluster Electives - III ::	100	03
		VIII (C)	VIII-C-1	100	03
			VIII-C-2	100	03
			VIII-C-3	50	02
				50	02
				50	02

## SEMESTER-VI - Electives ELECTIVE Paper – VII-(A): ANALYTICAL METHODS IN CHEMISTRY

IN CHEMISTRY 45hrs (3h/w)

#### **UNIT-I**

## **Quantitative analysis:**

10h

- **a)** Importance in various fields of science, steps involved in chemical analysis. Principles of volumetric analysis: Theories of acid-base, redox, complexometric, iodometric and precipitation titrations choice of indicators for these titrations.
- b) Principles of gravimetric analysis: precipitation, coagulation, peptization, coprecipitation, post precipitation, digestion, filtration and washing of precipitate, drying and ignition.

#### **UNIT-II**

#### Treatment of analytical data:

7h

Types of errors, significant figures and its importance, accuracy - methods of expressing accuracy, error analysis and minimization of errors, precision - methods of expressing precision, standard deviation and confidence limit.

#### **UNIT-III**

## SEPARATION TECHNIQUES IN CHEMICAL ANALYSIS:

8h

SOLVENT EXTRACTION: Introduction, principle, techniques, factors affecting solvent extraction, Batch extraction, continuous extraction and counter current extraction. Synergism., Application - Determination of Iron (III)

ION EXCHANGE :Introduction, action of ion exchange resins, separation of inorganic mixtuers, applications, Solvent extraction: Principle and process,

UNIT – IV

**Chromatography:** Classification of chromatography methods, principles of differential migration adsorption phenomenon, Nature of adsorbents, solvent systems,  $R_f$  values, factors effecting  $R_f$  values.

Paper Chromatography: Principles,  $R_f$  values, experimental procedures, choice of paper and solvent systems, developments of chromatogram - ascending, descending and radial. Two dimensional chromatography, applications.

UNIT -V 10h

Thin layer Chromatography (TLC): Advantages. Principles, factors effecting  $R_f$  values. Experimental procedures. Adsorbents and solvents. Preparation of plates. Development of the chromatogram. Detection of the spots. Applications.

Column Chromatography: Principles, experimental procedures, Stationary and mobile Phases, Separation technique. Applications

HPLC: Basic principles and applications.

#### **List of Reference Books**

- 1. Analytical Chemistry by Skoog and Miller
- 2. A textbook of qualitative inorganic analysis by A.I. Vogel
- 3. Nanochemistry by Geoffrey Ozin and Andre Arsenault
- 4. Stereochemistry by D. Nasipuri
- 5. Organic Chemistry by Clayden

## LABORATORY COURSE – VI Practical Paper – VII-(A) (at the end of semester VI) 30hrs (2 h / W)

**50M** 

- 1. Identification of aminoacids by paper chromatography.
- 2. Determination of Zn using EDTA
- 3. Determination of Mg using EDTA

## ELECTIVE PAPER – VII-(B): ENVIRONMENTAL CHEMISTRY 45 hrs (3 h/w)

#### **UNIT-I**

Introduction 9h

Concept of Environmental chemistry-Scope and importance of environment in now adays – Nomenclature of environmental chemistry – Segments of environment - Natural resources – Renewable Resources – Solar and biomass energy and Nonrenewable resources – Thermal power and atomic energy – Reactions of atmospheric oxygen and Hydological cycle.

#### **UNIT-II**

Air Pollution 9h

Definition – Sources of air pollution – Classification of air pollution – Acid rain – Photochemical smog – Green house effect – Formation and depletion of ozone – Bhopal gas disaster – Controlling methods of air pollution.

#### **UNIT-III**

Water pollution 9h

Unique physical and chemical properties of water – water quality and criteria for finding of water quality – Dissolved oxygen – BOD, COD, Suspended solids, total dissolved solids, alkalinity – Hardness of water – Methods to convert temporary hard water into soft water – Methods to convert permanent hard water into soft water – eutrophication and its effects – principal wastage treatment – Industrial waste water treatment.

#### **UNIT-IV**

#### **Chemical Toxicology**

9h

Toxic chemicals in the environment – effects of toxic chemicals – cyanide and its toxic effects – pesticides and its biochemical effects – toxicity of lead, mercury, arsenic and cadmium.

#### **UNIT-V**

#### **Ecosystem and biodiversity**

9h

## **Ecosystem**

Concepts – structure – Functions and types of ecosystem – Abiotic and biotic components – Energy flow and Energy dynamics of ecosystem – Food chains – Food web – Tropic levels – Biogeochemical cycles (carbon, nitrogen and phosporus)

## **Biodiversity**

Definition – level and types of biodiversity – concept - significance – magnitude and distribution of biodiversity – trends - biogeographical classification of india – biodiversity at national, global and regional level.

### List of Reference books

- 1. Fundamentals of ecology by M.C.Dash
- 2. A Text book of Environmental chemistry by W. Moore and F.A. Moore
- 3. Environmental Chemistry by Samir k. Banerji

### LABORATORY COURSE - VI

## Practical Paper – Elective VII B (at the end of semester VI) 30 hrs (2 h / W)

- 1.Determination of carbonate and bicarbonate in water samples (acidity and alkalinity)
- 2. Determination of hardness of water using EDTA
  - a) Permanent hardness
  - b) Temporary hardness
- 3. Determination of Acidity
- 4. Determination of Alkalinity
- 5. Determination of chlorides in water samples

## ELECTIVE PAPER – VII-(C) GREEN CHEMISTRY 45 hrs (3 h/w)

UNIT-I 10h

**Green Chemistry:** Introduction- Definition of green Chemistry, need of green chemistry, basic principles of green chemistry. Green synthesis- Evalution of the type of the reaction i) Rearrangements (100% atom economic), ii) Addition reaction (100% atom economic). Organic reactions by Sonication method: apparatus required examples of sonochemical reactions (Heck, Hundsdiecker and Wittig reactions).

UNIT-II 10h

Selection of solvent:i) Aqueous phase reactions ii) Reactions in ionic liquids, Heckreaction, Suzuki reactions, epoxidation. iii) Solid supported synthesis

Super critical CO<sub>2</sub>: Preparation, properties and applications, (decaffeination, dry cleaning)

UNIT-III 10h

**Microwave and Ultrasound assisted green synthesis**: Apparatus required, examples of MAOS (synthesis of fused anthro quinones, Leukart reductive amination of ketones) - Advantages and disadvantages of MAOS. Aldol condensation-Cannizzaro reaction-Diels-Alder reactions-Strecker's synthesis

UNIT-IV 5h

**Green catalysis:** Heterogeneous catalysis, use of zeolites, silica, alumina, supported catalysis- biocatalysis: Enzymes, microbes Phase transfer catalysis (micellar/surfactant)

UNIT V 10h

Examples of green synthesis / reactions and some real world cases: 1. Green synthesis of the following compounds: adipic acid, catechol, disodium imino di acetate (alternative Strecker's synthesis) 2. Microwave assisted reaction in water – Hoffmann elimination – methyl benzoate to benzoic acid – oxidation of toluene and alcohols – microwave assisted reactions in organic solvents. Diels-Alder reactions and decarboxylation reaction. 3. Ultrasound assisted reactions – sonochemical Simmons –Smith reaction(ultrasonic alternative to iodine)

#### **Reference books:**

- 1. Green Chemistry Theory and Practice. P.T.Anatas and J.C. Warner
- 2. Green Chemistry V.K. Ahluwalia Narosa, New Delhi.
- 3. Real world cases in Green Chemistry M.C. Cann and M.E. Connelly
- 4. Green Chemistry: Introductory Text M.Lancaster: Royal Society of Chemistry (London)
- 5. Green Chemistry: Introductory Text, M.Lancaster
- 6. Principles and practice of heterogeneous catalysis, Thomas J.M., Thomas M.J., John Wiley
- 7. Green Chemistry: Environmental friendly alternatives R S Sanghli and M.M Srivastava. Narosa Publications

## LABORATORY COURSE – VII Practical Paper – Elective VII C (at the end of semester VI) 30 hrs (2 h/W)

- 1. Determination of specific reaction rate of hydrolysis for methyl acetate catalysed by hydrogen ion at room temperature.
- 2.Determination of molecular status and partition coefficient of benzoicacidin Benzene and water.
- 3. Surface tension and viscosity of liquids.
- 4. Adsorption of acetic acid on animal charcoal, verification of Freundlisch isotherm.

## CLUSTER ELECTIVES: Cluster Elective – I Analytical and Physical SEMESTER-VI

#### PAPER – VIII-A-1: POLYMER CHEMISTRY

45 hrs (3 h / w)

UNIT-I 12h

Introduction of polymers:

Basic definitions, degree of polymerization ,classification of polymers- Natural and Synthetic polymers, Organic and Inorganic polymers, Thermoplastic and Thermosetting polymers, Plastics, Elastomers , Fibers and Resins, Linear ,Branched and Cross Linked polymers, Addition polymers and Condensation Polymers, mechanism of polymerization. Free radical, ionic and Zeigler – Natta polymerization.

UNIT-II 10h

Techniques of Polymerization : Bulk polymerization , solution polymerization , suspension and Emulsion polymerization.

Molecular weights of polymers: Number average and weight average molecular weights Determination of molecular weight of polymers by Viscometry , Osmometry and light scattering methods.

UNIT-III 6h

Kinetics of Free radical polymerization, Glass Transition temperature(Tg) and Determination of Tg:

Free volume theory, WLF equation, factors affecting glass transition temperature (Tg).

UNIT-IV 9h

Polymer additives:

Introduction to plastic additives – fillers, Plasticizers and Softeners, Lubricants and Flow Promoters, Anti aging additives, Flame Retardants, Colourants, Blowing agents, Cross linking agents, Photo stabilizers, Nucleating agents.

UNIT-V 8h

Polymers and their applications:

Preparation and industrial applications of Polyethylene, Polyvinyl chloride, Teflon, Polyacrylonitrile, Terelene, Nylon6.6 silicones.

### **Reference Books:**

- 1. Seymour, R.B. & Carraher, C.E. *Polymer Chemistry: An Introduction*, Marcel Dekker, Inc. New York, 1981.
- 2. Odian, G. Principles of Polymerization, 4th Ed. Wiley, 2004.
- 3. Billmeyer, F.W. Textbook of Polymer Science, 2nd Ed. Wiley Interscience, 1971.
- 4. Ghosh, P. Polymer Science & Technology, Tata McGraw-Hill Education, 1991.34
- 5. Lenz, R.W. *Organic Chemistry of Synthetic High Polymers*. Interscience Publishers, NewYork, 1967.

## PAPER – VIII-A-2: INSTRUMENTAL METHODS OF ANALYSIS 45 hrs (3 h / w)

#### UNIT – I

#### Introduction to spectroscopic methods of analysis:

4 h

Recap of the spectroscopic methods covered in detail in the core chemistry syllabus: Treatment of analytical data, including error analysis. Classification of analytical methods and the types of instrumental methods. Consideration of electromagnetic radiation.

#### UNIT - II

## Molecular spectroscopy:

8h

*Infrared spectroscopy:* 

Interactions with molecules: absorption and scattering. Means of excitation (light sources), separation of spectrum (wavelength dispersion, time resolution), detection of the signal (heat, differential detection), interpretation of spectrum (qualitative, mixtures, resolution), advantages of Fourier Transform (FTIR). Samples and results expected. Applications: Issues of quality assurance and quality control, Special problems for portable instrumentation and rapid detection.

UNIT – III 10h

*UV-Visible/Near IR* – emission, absorption, fluorescence and photoaccoustic. Excitation sources (lasers, time resolution), wavelength dispersion (gratings, prisms, interference filters, laser, placement of sample relative to dispersion, resolution), Detection of signal (photocells, photomultipliers, diode arrays, sensitivity and S/N), Single and Double Beam instruments, Interpretation (quantification, mixtures, absorption vs. fluorescence and the use of time, photoaccoustic, fluorescent tags).

#### UNIT - IV

#### **Separation techniques**

Chromatography: Gas chromatography, liquid chromatography, supercritical fluids, Importance of column technology (packing, capillaries), Separation based on increasing number of factors (volatility, solubility, interactions with stationary phase, size, electrical field), Detection: simple vs. specific (gas and liquid), Detection as a means of further analysis (use of tags and coupling to IR and MS), Electrophoresis (plates and capillary) and use with DNA analysis. 46 Immunoassays and DNA techniques 8h

*Mass spectroscopy:* Making the gaseous molecule into an ion (electron impact, chemical ionization), Making liquids and solids into ions (electrospray, electrical discharge, laser desorption, fast atom bombardment), Separation of ions on basis of mass to charge ratio, Magnetic, Time of flight, Electric quadrupole. Resolution, time and multiple separations, Detection and interpretation (how this is linked to excitation).

#### UNIT - V

## **Elemental analysis:**

10h

## Mass spectrometry (electrical discharges).

Atomic spectroscopy: Atomic absorption, Atomic emission, and Atomic fluorescence. Excitation and getting sample into gas phase (flames, electrical discharges, plasmas), Wavelength separation and resolution (dependence on technique), Detection of radiation (simultaneous/scanning, signal noise), Interpretation (errors due to molecular and ionic species, matrix effects, other interferences).

NMR spectroscopy: Principle, Instrumentation, Factors affecting chemical shift, Spin coupling, Applications. 4h

Electroanalytical Methods: Potentiometry & Voltammetry

#### **Radiochemical Methods**

4h

4h

X-ray analysis and electron spectroscopy (surface analysis)

#### **Reference books:**

- 1. Skoog, D.A. Holler F.J. & Nieman, T.A. *Principles of Instrumental Analysis*, Cengage Learning India Ed.
- 2. Willard, H.H., Merritt, L.L., Dean, J. & Settoe, F.A. *Instrumental Methods of Analysis*, 7th Ed. Wadsworth Publishing Company Ltd., Belmont, California, USA, 1988.
- 3. P.W. Atkins: Physical Chemistry.
- 4. G.W. Castellan: Physical Chemistry.
- 5. C.N. Banwell: Fundamentals of Molecular Spectroscopy.
- 6. Brian Smith: Infrared Spectral Interpretations: A Systematic Approach.
- 7. W.J. Moore: Physical Chemistry

## PAPER – VIII-A-3: ANALYSIS OF DRUGS, FOODS, DAIRY PRODUCTS & BIO-CHEMICAL ANALYSIS

45 hrs (3 h/w)

#### **UNIT-I**

Analysis of the following drugs and pharmaceuticals preparations:

(Knowledge of molecular formula, structure and analysis)

Analysis of anlgesics and antipyretics like aspirin and paracetamol

Analysis of antimalerials like choloroquine.

Analysis of drugs in the treatment of infections and infestations :Amoxycillin., chloramphenicol, metronidazole, penicillin, tetracycline, cephalexin(cefalexin). Anti tuberculous drug- isoniazid.

#### **UNIT - II**

Analysis of the following drugs and pharmaceuticals preparations:

(Knowledge of molecular formula, structure and analysis)

Analysis of antihistamine drugs and sedatives like: allegra, zyrtec(citirizine), alprazolam, trazodone, lorazepem, ambien(zolpidem), diazepam,

#### **UNIT - III**

Analysis of anti epileptic and anti convulsant drugs like phenobarbital and phenacemide. Analysis of drugs used in case of cardiovascular drugs:atenolol, norvasc(amlodipine),

Analysis of lipitor(atorvastatin) a drug for the preventin of productin of cholesterol.

Analysis of diuretics like: furosemide (Lasix), triamterene

Analysis of prevacid(lansoprazole) a drug used for the prevention of production of acids in stomach.

### **UNIT - IV**

Analysis of Milk and milk products: Acidity, total solids, fat, total nitrogen, protenines, lactose, phosphate activity, casein, choride. Analysis of food materials-Preservatives: Sodium carbonate, sodium benzoate sorbic acid Coloring matters, -Briliant blue FCF, fast green FCF, tertrazine, erytrhosine, sunset yellow FCF.

Flavoring agents - Vanilla , diacetyl, isoamyl acetate, limonene, ethylpropionate , allyl hexanoate and Adulterants in rice and wheat, wheat floo0r, sago,coconut oil, coffee powder, tea powder, milk..

#### **UNIT - V**

Clinical analysis of blood:Composition of blood,clinical analysis,trace elements in the body.Estimation of blood chlolesterol,glucose,enzymes,RBC & WBC ,Blood gas analyser.

#### **REFERENCE BOOKS:**

- 1.F.J.Welcher-Standard methods of analysis,
- 2.A.I.Vogel-A text book of quantitative Inorganic analysis-ELBS,
- 3.F.D.Snell & F.M.Biffen-Commercial methods of analysis-D.B.Taraporavala & sons,
- 4.J.J.Elving and I.M.Kolthoff- Chemical analysis A series of monographs on analytical chemistry and its applications -- Inter Science- Vol I to VII.,

- 5. Aanalytical Agricultrual Chemistry by S.L.Chopra & J.S.Kanwar -- Kalyani Publishers
- 6. Quantitative analysis of drugs in pharmaceutical formulations by P.D.Sethi, CBS Publishers and Distributors, New Delhi
- 7. G.Ingram- Methods of organic elemental micro analysis- Chapman and Hall.,
- 8. H.Wincciam and Bobbles (Henry J)- Instrumental methods of analysis of food additives..
- 9. H.Edward-The Chemical analysis of foods; practical treatise on the examination of food stuffs and the detection of adulterants,
- 10. The quantitative analysis of drugs- D.C.Garratt-Chapman & Hall.,
- 11. A text book of pharmaceutical analysis by K.A.Connors-Wiley-International.,
- 12. Comprehensive medicinal chemistry-Ed Corwin Hansch Vol 5, Pergamon Press.,

#### I. LABORATORY COURSE – VIII

## Practical Paper – VIII-A-1: (at the end of semester VI) 30 hrs (2 h / W)

- 1. Preparation of Aspirin
- 2. Preparation of Paracetamol
- 3. Preparation of Acetanilide
- 4. Preparation of Barbutiric Acid
- 5. Preparation of Phenyl Azo β-naphthol

## II. LABORATORY COURSE – VIII Practical Paper – VIII-A-2 (at the end of semester VI)

30 hrs (2 h / W)

- 1. Green procedure for organic qualitative analysis: Detection of N, S andhalogens
- 2. Acetylation of 1<sup>0</sup> amine by green method: Preparation of acetanilide
- 3. Rearrangement reaction in green conditions: Benzil-Benzilic acid rearrangement
- 4. Electrophilic aromatic substitution reaction: Nitration of phenol
- 5. Radical coupling reaction: Preparation of 1,1-bis -2-naphthol
- 6. Green oxidation reaction: Synthesis of adipic acid
- 7. Green procedure for Diels Alder reaction between furan and maleic anhydride

#### **List of Reference Books**

- 1. Green Chemistry Theory and Practice. P.T.Anatas and J.C. Warner
- 2. Green Chemistry V.K. Ahluwalia Narosa, New Delhi.
- 3. Real world cases in Green Chemistry M.C. Cann and M.E. Connelly
- 4. Green Chemistry: Introductory Text M.Lancaster: Royal Society of Chemistry (London)
- 5. Green Chemistry: Introductory Text, M.Lancaster
- 6. Principles and practice of heterogeneous catalysis, Thomas J.M., Thomas M.J., John Wiley
- 7. Green Chemistry: Environmental friendly alternatives R S Sanghli and M.M Srivastava, Narosa Publications

VII-A-3 Practical:- Project Work

#### Cluster Elective –II

## **Fuels and Industrial Inorganic materials**

## PAPER - VIII-B-1: FUEL CHEMISTRY AND BATTERIES

45 hrs (3 h / w)

UNIT –I 12h

Review of energy sources ( renewable and non-renewable) – classification of fuels and their calorific value. Coal: Uses of Coal (fuel and non fuel) in various industries , its composition , carbonization of coal - coal gas , producer gas and water gas – composition and uses – fractionation of coal tar – uses of coal tar based chemicals , requisites of a good metallurgical coke , coal gasification (Hydro gasification and catalytic gasification ) coal liquefaction and solvent refining.

UNIT-II 6h

Petroleum and petrol chemical industry:

Composition of crude petroleum , refining and different types of petroleum products and their applications.

UNIT-III 10h

Fractional distillation (principle and process) , cracking ( Thermal and catalytic cracking). Reforming petroleum and non petroleum fuels (LPG , CNG , LNG , biogas ) ,fuels derived from biomass , fuel from waste , synthetic fuels (gaseous and liquids) , clear fuels , petro chemicals : vinyl acetate , propylene oxide , isoprene , butadiene , toluene and its derivative xylene.

UNIT-IV 10h

Lubricants:

Classification of lubricants, lubricating oils(conducting and non conducting), solid and semi-solid lubricants, synthetic lubricants. Properties of lubricants (viscosity index, cloud point, pore point) and their determination.

UNIT-V 7h

#### **Batteries:**

Primary and secondary batteries, battery components and their role, Characteristics of Battery. Working of following batteries: Pb acid, Li-Battery, Solid state electrolyte battery. Fuel cells, Solar cell and polymer cell.

#### **Reference books:**

- 1. E.Stochi: Industrial chemistry, Vol-1, Ellis Horwood Ltd.UK
- 2. P.C.Jain, M.Jain: Engineering chemistry, Dhanpat Rai &sons, Delhi.
- 3. B.K.Sharma: Industrial Chemistry, Goel Publishing house, Meerut.

## PAPER – VIII-B-2: INORGANIC MATERIALS OF INDUSTRIAL IMPORTANCE

45 hrs (3 h/w)

#### UNIT - I

#### Recapitulation of s- and p-Block Elements

8h

Periodicity in *s*- and *p*-block elements with respect to electronic configuration, atomic and ionic size, ionization enthalpy, electronegativity (Pauling, Mulliken, and Alfred - Rochow scales). Allotropy in C, S, and P. Oxidation states with reference to elements in unusual and rare oxidation states like carbides and nitrides), inert pair effect, diagonal relationship and anomalous behaviour of first member of each group.

UNIT – II

#### **Silicate Industries**

*Glass:* Glassy state and its properties, classification (silicate and non-silicate glasses). Manufacture and processing of glass. Composition and properties of the following types of glasses: Soda lime glass, lead glass, armoured glass, safety glass, borosilicate glass, fluorosilicate, coloured glass, photosensitive glass.

*Ceramics:* Important clays and feldspar, ceramic, their types and manufacture. High technology ceramics and their applications, superconducting and semiconducting oxides, fullerenes carbon nanotubes and carbon fibre.

**Cements:** Classification of cement, ingredients and their role, Manufacture of cement and the setting process, quick setting cements.

UNIT – III 8h

#### **Fertilizers:**

Different types of fertilizers. Manufacture of the following fertilizers: Urea, ammonium nitrate, calcium ammonium nitrate, ammonium phosphates; polyphosphate, superphosphate, compound and mixed fertilizers, potassium chloride, potassium sulphate.

UNIT – IV

#### **Surface Coatings:**

Objectives of coatings surfaces, preliminary treatment of surface, classification of surface coatings. Paints and pigments-formulation, composition and related properties. Oil paint, Vehicle, modified oils, Pigments, toners and lakes pigments, Fillers, Thinners, Enamels, emulsifying agents. Special paints (Heat retardant, Fire retardant, Eco-friendly paint, Plastic paint), Dyes, Wax polishing, Water and Oil paints, additives, Metallic coatings (electrolytic and electroless), metal spraying and anodizing.

UNIT – V

#### Alloys:

Classification of alloys, ferrous and non-ferrous alloys, Specific properties of elements in alloys. Manufacture of Steel (removal of silicon decarbonization, demanganization, desulphurization dephosphorisation) and surface treatment (argon treatment, heat treatment, nitriding, carburizing). Composition and properties of different types of steels.

### **Chemical explosives:**

Origin of explosive properties in organic compounds, preparation and explosive properties of lead azide, PETN, cyclonite (RDX). Introduction to rocket propellants.

#### **Reference Books:**

- 1. E. Stocchi: Industrial Chemistry, Vol-I, Ellis Horwood Ltd. UK.
- 2. R. M. Felder, R. W. Rousseau: *Elementary Principles of Chemical Processes*, Wiley Publishers, New Delhi.
- 3. W. D. Kingery, H. K. Bowen, D. R. Uhlmann: *Introduction to Ceramics*, Wiley Publishers, New Delhi.
- 4. J. A. Kent: Riegel's Handbook of Industrial Chemistry, CBS Publishers, New Delhi.
- 5. P. C. Jain & M. Jain: Engineering Chemistry, Dhanpat Rai & Sons, Delhi.
- 6. R. Gopalan, D. Venkappayya, S. Nagarajan: *Engineering Chemistry*, Vikas Publications, New Delhi.
- 7. B. K. Sharma: Engineering Chemistry, Goel Publishing House, Meerut

## PAPER – VIII-B-3: ANALYSIS OF APPLIED INDUSTRIAL PRODUCTS 45 hrs (3 h / w)

#### **UNIT-I**

Analysis of soaps: moisture and volatile matter, cobined alkali, total fatty matter, free alkali, total fatty acid, sodium silicate and chlorides.

Analysis of paints: Vehicle and pigments, Barium Sulphate, total lead, lead chromate, iron pigments, zinc chromate

#### **UNIT-II**

Analysis of oils:saponification value,iodine value,acid value,ester value, bromine value, acetyl value.

Analysis of industrial solvents like benzene, acetone, methanol and acetic acid., Determination of methoxyl and N-methyl groups.,

#### **UNIT-III**

Analysis of fertilizers: urea, NPK fertilizer, super phosphate, Analysis of DDT, BHC, endrin, endosulfone, malathion, parathion., Analysis of starch, sugars, cellulose and paper,

#### **UNIT-IV**

Gas analysis: carbon dioxide, carbon monoxide, oxygen, hydrogen, saturated hydro carbon, unsaturated hydrocarbons, nitrogen, octane number, cetane number Analysis of Fuel gases like: water gas,producer gas,kerosene (oil) gas. Ultimate analysis: carbon, hydrogen,nitrogen,oxygen,phosphorus and sulfur..

#### **UNIT-V**

Analysis of Complex materials:

**Analysis of cement**- loss on ignition, insoluble residu, total silica, sesqui oxides, lime, magnesia, ferric oxide, sulphuric anhydrid.

**Analysis of glasses** - Determinaiton of silica, sulphuur, barium, arsinic, antimony, total R<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub>, calcium, magnesium, total alkalies, aluminium, chloride, floride

## **SUGGESTED BOOKS:**

- 1.F.J.Welcher-Standard methods of analysis,
- 2.A.I.Vogel-A text book of quantitative Inorganic analysis-ELBS,
- 3.H.H.Willard and H.Deal- Advanced quantitative analysis- Van Nostrand Co,
- 4.F.D.Snell & F.M.Biffen-Commercial methods of analysis-D.B.Taraporavala & sons,
- 5.J.J.Elving and I.M.Kolthoff- Chemical analysis A series of monographs on analytical chemistry and its applications -- Inter Science- Vol I to VII.,
- 6.G.Z.Weig Analytical methods for pesticides, plant growth regulators and food additives Vols I to VII,
- 7. Aanalytical Agricultrual Chemistry by S.L.Chopra & J.S.Kanwar -- Kalyani Publishers
- 8.Mannual of soil, plant, water and fertilizer analysis, R.M.Upadhyay and N.L Sharma, Kalyani Publishers

#### I. LABORATORY COURSE – VIII

## Practical Paper – VIII-B-1: (at the end of semester VI) 30 hrs (2 h / W)

- 1. Preparation of Aspirin
- 2. Preparation of Paracetamol
- 3. Preparation of Acetanilide
- 4. Preparation of Barbutiric Acid
- 5. Preparation of Phenyl Azo β-naphthol

## II. LABORATORY COURSE – VIII Practical Paper – VIII-B-2: (at the end of semester VI)

30 hrs (2 h / W)

- 1. Green procedure for organic qualitative analysis: Detection of N, S andhalogens
- 2. Acetylation of 1<sup>0</sup> amine by green method: Preparation of acetanilide
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- 4. Electrophilic aromatic substitution reaction: Nitration of phenol
- 5. Radical coupling reaction: Preparation of 1,1-bis -2-naphthol
- 6. Green oxidation reaction: Synthesis of adipic acid
- 7. Green procedure for Diels Alder reaction between furan and maleic anhydride

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- 6. Principles and practice of heterogeneous catalysis, Thomas J.M., Thomas M.J., John Wiley
- 7. Green Chemistry: Environmental friendly alternatives R S Sanghli and M.M Srivastava, Narosa Publications

VII-A-3 Practical:- Project Work / Intern Ship

### Cluster Elective –III ORGANIC

PAPER – VIII-C-1: ORGANIC SPECTROSCOPIC TECHNIQUES

45 hrs (3 h / w)

UNIT-I 10h

NUCLEAR MAGNETIC RESONANCE SPECTROSCOPY

Nuclear spin, Principles of NMR-Classical and Quantum Mechanical methods, Magnetic moment and Spin angular momentum. Larmour Frequency. Instrumentation. Relaxation-spin-spin & spin lattice relaxation. Shielding constants, Chemical shifts, Shielding and Deshielding mechanism-Factors influencing Chemical shift. Spin-Spin interactions-AX, AX<sub>2</sub> and AB types. Vicinal, Geminal and Long range coupling- Factors influencing coupling constants.

UNIT – II

Spin decoupling, Spin tickling, Deuterium exchange, Chemical shift reagents and Nuclear overhauser effect. Applications in Medical diagnostics, Reaction kinetics and Mechanically induced dynamic nuclear polarization. FT NMR and its Advantages.

UNIT-III 10h

UV & VISIBLE SPECTROSCOPY

Electronic spectra of diatomic molecules. The Born-oppenheimer approximation. Vibrational coarse structure: Bond association and Bond sequence. Intensity of Vibrational-electronic spectra: The Franck-Condon principle. Rotational fine structure of electronic vibration transitions. Electronic structure of diatomic molecules.

Types of transitions, Chromophores, Conjugated dienes, trienes and polyenes, unsaturated carbonyl compounds-Woodward – Fieser rules.

UNIT-IV 5h

Electronic spectra of polyatomic molecules. Chemical analysis by Electronic Spectroscopy – Beer-Lambert's Law. Deviation from Beer's law. Quantitative determination of metal ions (Mn<sup>+2</sup>, Fe<sup>+2</sup>, NO<sub>2</sub>-, Pb<sup>+2</sup>). Simultaneous determination of Chromium and Manganese in a mixture.

UNIT-V 15h

## **Electron Spin Resonance Spectroscopy**

Basic Principles, Theory of ESR, Comparison of NMR & ESR. Instrumentation, Factors affecting the 'g' value, determination of 'g' value. Isotropic and Anisotropic constants. Splitting hyper fine splitting coupling constants. Line width, Zero field splitting and Kramer degeneracy. Crystal field splitting, Crystal field effects.

Applications:- Detection of free radicals; ESR spectra of (a) Methyl radical (CH<sub>3</sub>), (b) Benzene anion (C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>6</sub>) (c) Isoquinine (d)  $[Cu(H_2O)_6]^{+2}$  (e)  $[Fe(CN)_5NO]^{-3}$  (f)

#### **REFERENCE BOOKS:**

- Electron Spin Resonance Elementary Theory and Practical Applications- John E.
   Wertz and James R. Bolton, Chapman and Hall, 1986.
- Spectroscopic Identification of organic compounds Silverstein, Basseler and Morril.
- 3. Organic Spectroscopy- William Kemp.
- 4. Fundamentals of Molecular Spectroscopy- C.N.Banwell and E.A. Mc cash 4<sup>th</sup> Edition, Tata Mc Graw Hill Publishing Co., Ltd. 1994.
- 5. Physical Methods in Inorganic Chemistry R.S.Drago, Saunders Publications.
- 6. Application of Mössbauer Spectroscopy Green Mood.
- 7. NMR, NQR, EPR and Mössbauer Spectroscopy in inorganic chemistry R.V Parish, Ellis, Harwood.
- 8. Instrumental Methods of Chemical Analysis- H.Kaur, Pragathi Prakashan, 2003.
- 9. Instrumental Methods of Analysis, 7<sup>th</sup> Edition Willard, Merrit, Dean, Settle, CBS Publications, 1986.
- 10. Molecular Structure and Spectroscopy G. Aruldhas, Prentice Hall of India Pvt.Ltd, New Delhi, 2001.
- 11. Mössbauer Spectroscopy N.N. Green Wood and T.C. Gibb, Chapman, and Hall, Landon 1971.
- 12. Coordination Chemistry: Experimental Methods- K. Burger, London Butter Worths, 1973.
- 13. Analytical spectroscopy Kamlesh Bansal, Campus books, 2008.
- 14. Structural Inorganic Chemistry Mössbauer Spectroscopy Bhide.
- 15. Principle of Mössbauer Spectroscopy T.C. Gibb, Chapman, and Hall, Landon 1976.

### Cluster Elective –III ORGANIC

## PAPER - VIII-C-2: ADVANCED ORGANIC REACTIONS

45 hrs (3 h / w)

#### UNIT – I

#### ORGANIC PHOTOCHEMISTRY

Organic photochemistry: Molecular orbitals, carbonyl chromophore-triplet states, Jablonski diagram, inter-system crossing. Energy transfer. Energies properties and reaction of singlet and triplet states of and transitions.

**Photochemical reactions:** (a) Photoreduction, mechanism, influence of temperature, solvent, nature of hydrogen donors, structure of substrates on the course of photo reduction..

#### UNIT – II

#### ORGNAIC PHOTOCHEMISTRY

Norrisch cleavages, type I : Mechanism, acyclic cyclicdiones, influence of sensitizer, photo Fries rearrangement. Norrisch type II cleavage : Mechanism and stereochemistry, type II reactions of esters : 1: 2 diketones, photo decarboxylation., Di -  $\pi$  methane rearrangement, Photochemistry – of conjugated dienes, Decomposition of nitrites – Barton reaction.

#### UNIT - III

#### PROTECTING GROUPS AND ORGANIC REACTIONS

Principles of (1) Protection of alcohols – ether formation including silyl ethers – ester formation, (2) Protection of diols – acetal,ketal and carbonate formation, (3) Protection of carboxylic acids – ester formation, benzyl and t–butyl esters, (4) Protection of amines – acetylation, benzylation, benzyloxy carbonyl, triphenyl methyl groups and fmoc, (5) Protection of carbonyl groups – acetal, ketal, 1,2–glycols and 1,2–dithioglycols formation.

#### UNIT - IV

Synthetic reactions: Mannich reaction – Mannich bases – Robinson annulations. The Shapiro reaction, Stork–enamine reaction. Use of dithioacetals – Umpolung, phase transfercatalysis – mechanisms and use of benzyl trialkyl ammonium halides. Witting reaction.

#### **UNIT -V: NEW SYNTHETIC REACTIONS**

Baylis-Hillman reaction, RCM olefm metathesis, Grubb catalyst, Mukayama aldol reaction, Mitsunobu reaction, McMurrey reaction, Julia-Lythgoe olefination, and Peterson's stereoselective olefination, Heck reaction, Suziki coupling, Stille coupling and Sonogishira coupling, Buchwald-Hartwig coupling. Ugi reaction, Click reaction.

### **Recommended Books**

- 1. Molecular reactions and Photochemistry by Charles Dupey and O.L. Chapman.
- 2. Molecular Photochemistry by Turru.
- 3. Importance of antibonding orbitals by Jaffe and Orchin.
- 4. Text Book of Organic Chemistry by Cram, Hammand and Henrickson.
- 5. Some modern methods of organic synthesis by W. Carruthers.
- 6. Guide Book to Organic Synthesis by R.K. Meckie, D.M. Smith and R.A. Atken.
- 7. Organic Synthesis by O.House.
- 8. Organic synthesis by Michael B. Smith.
- 9. Organic Chemistry Claydon and others 2005.
- 10. Name Reactions by Jie Jack Li
- 11. Reagents in Organic synthesis by B.P. Mundy and others.
- 12. Tandem Organic Reactions by Tse–Lok Ho.

### Cluster Elective –III ORGANIC

## PAPER – VIII-C-3: PHARMACEUTICAL AND MEDICINAL CHEMISTRY 45 hrs (3 h / w)

UNIT-I 8h

Pharmaceutical chemistry Terminology: Pharmacy, Pharmacology, Pharmacophore, Pharmacodynamics, Pharmacokinetics (ADME, Receptors - brief treartment) Metabolites and Anti metabolites.

#### **UNIT-II**

Drugs: 8h

Nomenclature: Chemical name, Generic name and trade names with examples Classification: Classification based on structures and therapeutic activity with one example each, Administration of drugs

#### **UNIT-III**

#### **Synthesis and therapeutic activity of the compounds:**

12h

- a. Chemotheraputic Drugs
- l.Sulphadrugs(Sulphamethoxazole) 2.Antibiotics  $\beta$ -Lactam Antibiotics, Macrolide Antibiotics, 3. Anti malarial Drugs(chloroquine)
- b. Psycho therapeutic Drugs:
- 1. Anti pyretics(Paracetamol) 2. Hypnotics, 3. Tranquilizers(Diazepam) 4. Levodopa

#### **UNIT-IV**

## Pharmacodynamic Drugs:

8h

- 1. Antiasthma Drugs (Solbutamol) 3. Antianginals (Glycerol Trinitrate)
- 4. Diuretics(Frusemide)

#### **UNIT-V**

HIV-AIDS: 9h

Immunity - CD-4cells, CD-8cells, Retro virus, Replication in human body, Investigation available, prevention of AIDS, Drugs available - examples with structures: PIS: Indivanir (crixivan), Nelfinavir(Viracept).

#### **List of Reference Books:**

- 1. Medicinal Chemistry by Dr. B.V. Ramana
- 2.Synthetic Drugs by O.D.Tyagi & M.Yadav
- 3. Medicinal Chemistry by Ashutoshkar
- 4. Medicinal Chemistry by P. Parimoo
- 5.Pharmacology& Pharmacotherapeutics R.S Satoshkar & S.D.Bhandenkar
- 6.Medicinal Chemistry by Kadametal P-I & P.II
- 7. European Pharmacopoeia

#### MODEL PAPER

## THREE YEAR B.Sc, DEGREE EXAMINATION FIRST YEAR EXAMINATIONS SEMESTER I

#### Paper -I: INORGANIC & ORGANIC CHEMISTRY - I

Time: 3 hours Maximum Marks: 75

#### PART-A

Answer any **FIVE** of the following questions

Each carries **FIVE** marks

5x5 = 25 Marks

- 1. Define the electron deficient molecules and draw the structure of Borazole and Diborane.
- 2. Classify the Oxides based on the oxygen content with one example to each.
- 3. How the following are synthesized from Organo Lithium Compounds.
- a) Acetic acid b) Ethyl alcohol
- 4. Define the Carbonium ion and explain the stability with no bond resonance.
- 5. Define the Markonikov's rule and explain the addition of 1- Propene with HBr.
- 6. Explain the acidity of the Acetylinic hydrogen with example.
- 7. Draw the conformational structures of Cyclohexane.
- 8. Define aromaticity and apply the Huckel's rule to benzene and naphthalene.

#### **PART-B**

Answer **ALL** the questions

Each carries **TEN** marks

5x10 = 50 Marks

9. (a) Write note on Preparation, Structure and Properties of Silicones.

(OR)

- (b) Explain the Preparation and Oxidation- Reduction reactions of Hydroxylamine.
- 10.(a) Give an account on different types of interhalogen compounds.

(OR)

- (b) How the following are prepared from the Methyl Magnesium bromide and methyl lithium
  - 1) Formaldehyde
- 2) Acetaldehyde3) Acetone 4) t- butyl alcohol
- 11. (a) Describe different types of Organic Reactions with one example to each.

(OR)

- (b) Write notes on the following
- 1) Mesomeric effect 2) Hyper conjugation 3) Inductive effect
- 12.(a) Explain the addition of these reagents to alkenes with mechanism.
- 1) H<sub>2</sub>O
- 2) HOX
- 3) H<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>

(OR)

- (b)Explain Baeyer's bond angle strain theory.
- 13. (a) Describe the Molecular Orbital structure of Benzene.

(OR)

(b) Explain the orientation in benzene with respect to alkyl and nitro groups.